

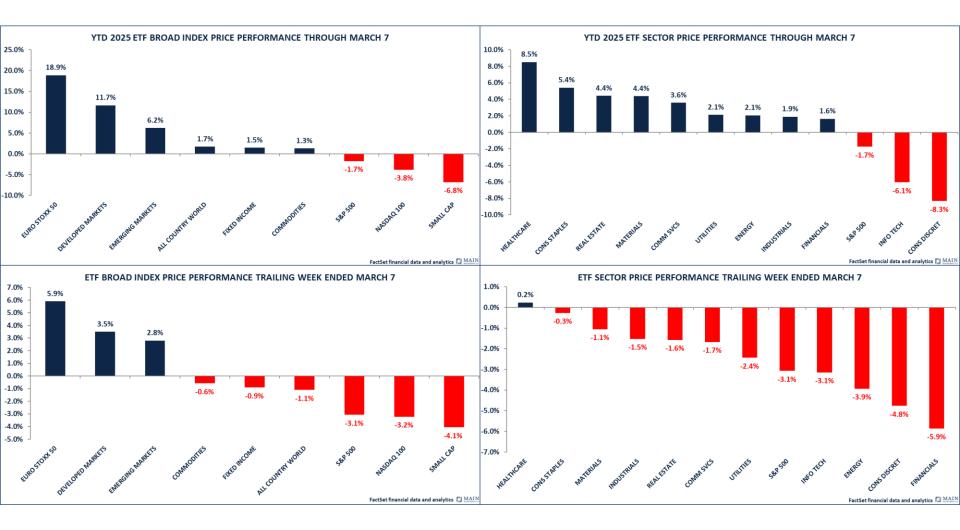
MAIN MANAGEMENT MARKET NOTE: March 7, 2025

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Performance





Recession Dashboard



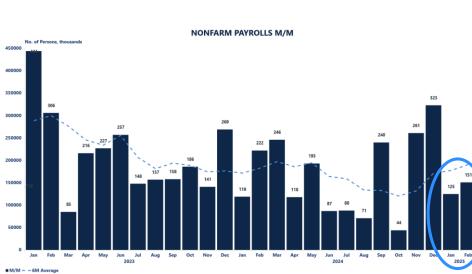
Inflation: Headline CPI. Source: St. Louis Fed. Consumer: Conference Board Consumer Confidence. Source: The Conference Board. Yield Curve: 10 year – 3 month Treasury spread. Source: FactSet financial data and analytics. Housing: Housing Starts & Existing Home Sales. Source: St. Louis Fed. Sentiment:. Conference Board Consumer Confidence, UMich Consumer Sentiment, State Street Investor Confidence, CEO Confidence, VIX, AAII Autos: Auto Sales. Source: St. Louis Fed. Employment: Initial Weekly Unemployment Claims & Nonfarm Payrolls. Source: St. Louis Fed. PMI: Markit US Manufacturing PMI & US ISM Manufacturing PMI & Chicago PMI. Source: Markit, ISM. Retail Sales: Advance Retail Sales. Source: St. Louis Fed. * 10 year – 3 month Treasury spread inverted on 11/2/22.



NonFarm Payrolls

February NonFarm Payrolls came in at +151k, missing forecasts for a 170k reading.
January was revised down to 125k. Both the Labor Force and Household figures fell, which were reversals from January's outsized gains from seasonality adjustments. The Participation Rate declined to 62.4%. The Headline Unemployment Rate ticked up to 4.1% while the broader U6 Rate jumped to 8.0% from 7.5%. Finally, Wages accelerated to 4.02% Y/Y from 3.95%, but that was a bit softer than forecasts which were for a 4.2% figure.

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| Source: Main Management | RIS | Macrobond | Data last undated: 3/7/2025 | |
|-------------------------|-----|-----------|-----------------------------|--|

| U | S Employment | t | | - | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|---------------|-------|-------|
| (All populatio | on/employment figu | ires in 000s) | | | |
| | February 2025 | Last Month | 12 Months Ago | Y/Y | M/M |
| Total Nonfarm Employment | 159,218 | 159,067 | 157,271 | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| Total Nonfarm Employment (Δ From Prior Period) | 151 | 125 | 222 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Civilian Non-Institutional Population | 272,847 | 272,685 | 267,711 | 1.9% | 0.1% |
| Civilian Non-Institutional Population (A From Prior Period) | 162 | 3,047 | 171 | | |
| Civilian Labor Force | 170.359 | 170,744 | 167,475 | 1.7% | -0.2% |
| Civilian Labor Force (A From Prior Period) | -385 | 2,197 | 136 | | |
| Participation Rate | 62.4% | 62.6% | 62.6% | -0.3% | -0.3% |
| Employed (Household data) | 163.307 | 163,895 | 161,013 | 1.4% | -0.4% |
| Employed (Household data) (∆ From Prior Period) | -588 | 2,234 | -177 | | |
| Employed / Population | 59.9% | 60.1% | 60.1% | -0.5% | -0.4% |
| Unemployed | 7,052 | 6,849 | 6,462 | 9.1% | 3.0% |
| Unemployed (Δ From Prior Period) | 203 | -37 | 313 | | |
| Unemployment Rate (U3) | 4.1% | 4.0% | 3.9% | 5.1% | 2.5% |
| Unemployment Rate (U6) | 8.0% | 7.5% | 7.3% | 9.6% | 6.7% |
| Part-time for Economic Reasons | 4,937 | 4,477 | 4,370 | 13.0% | 10.3% |
| Want A Job Now (Δ From Prior Period) | 151 | 364 | -418 | | |
| Not in Labor Force | 102,487 | 101,941 | 100,237 | 2.2% | 0.5% |
| Not in Labor Force (Δ From Prior Period) | 546 | 850 | 36 | | |
| Not In Labor Force / Population | 37.6% | 37.4% | 37.4% | 0.3% | 0.5% |
| 2 in NFPs Less Those Leaving the Labor Force | -395 | -725 | 186 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Average Hourly Earnings | \$35.93 | \$35.83 | \$34.54 | 4.0% | 0.3% |
| Average Hourly Earnings (Y/Y change) | 4.02% | 3.95% | 4.16% | | |
| Private Weekly Hours Worked | 34.1 | 34.1 | 34.3 | -0.6% | 0.0% |
| Manufacturing Weekly Hours Worked | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| | | | | | |
| Total Private Diffusion Index (256 Industries, 1 Month Span) | 58.4 | 52.4 | 53.8 | 8.6% | 11.5% |
| Manufacturing Diffusion Index (74 Industries, 1 Month Span) | 54.9 | 45.8 | 48.6 | 13.0% | 19.9% |
| Source: Main Management, BLS, Macrobond. Data last updated | 1: 3/7/2025 | | | | [AIN |

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Unemployment Rate

On the left are the headline U3 and broader U6 (which includes discouraged, underemployed, and unemployed). While the U3 rate only ticked up to 4.1% from 4.0% in January, the U6 rate jumped to 8.0% from 7.5%, its highest since October 2021. On the other hand, the Participation Rate declined for the Total Labor Force to 62.4% from 62.6%, its lowest since January 2023. But the Participation Rate for the 25-54yo prime working-age cohort was unchanged at 83.5%.

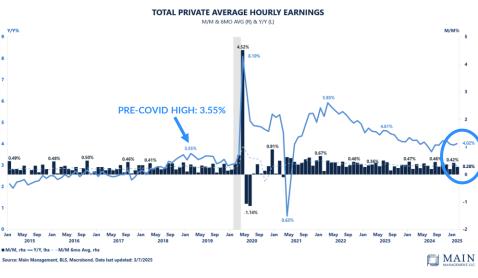




Industry Jobs and Wages

On an industry basis (left), Education & Health Services saw the most job creation at +73k, followed by Financials which added +21k. The laggards were Leisure & Hospitality which shed -16k and then Temporary Help Services down -12k. On the right we show the wage gains, which were up +0.28% M/M in February, a bit below forecasts. The Y/Y figure ticked up to +4.02%. It's important to remember that while wage growth has been moderating over the last few years, it is still structurally above where it was pre-covid when the recent high was 3.55% Y/Y.

| | | US Non | farm Pay | rolls, per industry | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|---------|---------|-----|
| | | | (SA, ii | n 1000s) | | | | | |
| | February 2025 | % of Total | -50-25 0 | M/M Change 25 50 75 100125150175 | | Change 12m | 1m ago | 12m ago | s |
| Total Nonfarm | 159,218 | 100.0 | | | 151 | 1,947 | 159,067 | 157,271 | |
| Total Private | 135,603 | 85.2 | | • • | 140 | 1,556 | 135,463 | 134,047 | 8 |
| Goods Producing | 21,700 | 13.6 | • | | 34 | 78 | 21,666 | 21,622 | |
| Mining And Logging | 625 | 0.4 | • | | 5 | -8 | 620 | 633 | ÷., |
| Construction | 8,310 | 5.2 | • | • | 19 | 174 | 8,291 | 8,136 | 7 |
| Manufacturing | 12,765 | 8.0 | • • | | 10 | -88 | 12,755 | 12,853 | |
| Durable Goods | 7,915 | 5.0 | • • | • | 11 | -89 | 7,904 | 8,004 | 6 |
| Motor Vehicles And Parts | 1,006 | 0.6 | • • | | 9 | -12 | 997 | 1,018 | |
| Nondurable Goods | 4,850 | 3.0 | | | -1 | 1 | 4,851 | 4,849 | |
| Private Service-Providing | 113,903 | 71.5 | | • = | 106 | 1,478 | 113,797 | 112,425 | 5 |
| Wholesale Trade | 6,183 | 3.9 | • • | • | 9 | 62 | 6,175 | 6,122 | |
| Retail Trade | 15,561 | 9.8 | | • | -6 | 31 | 15,567 | 15,530 | ÷., |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 6,760 | 4.2 | | | 18 | 146 | 6,742 | 6,614 | 1.1 |
| Utilities | 596 | 0.4 | | | 1 | 6 | 594 | 590 | |
| Information | 2,952 | 1.9 | • | · 🖌 | 5 | -11 | 2,947 | 2,963 | 1 |
| Financial Activities | 9,241 | 5.8 | | | 21 | 86 | 9,220 | 9,155 | |
| Professional And Business Services | 22,573 | 14.2 | • • | | -2 | -88 | 22,575 | 22,661 | |
| Temporary Help Services | 2,529 | 1.6 | | | -12 | -156 | 2,542 | 2,685 | 2 |
| Education And Health Services | 27,070 | 17.0 | | • | 73 | 943 | 26,997 | 26,127 | |
| Health Care And Social Assistance | 23,066 | 14.5 | | | 63 | 877 | 23,003 | 22,190 | Ξ. |
| Leisure And Hospitality | 16,949 | 10.6 | | | -16 | 214 | 16,965 | 16,735 | 1.1 |
| Other Services | 6,019 | 3.8 | — | • | 4 | 91 | 6,015 | 5,928 | |
| Government | 23,615 | 14.8 | 1 | • • | 11 | 391 | 23,604 | 23,224 | 0 |
| Latest Previous Month | hand Data last u | ndatadı 2.(7) | 2025 | | | | | MAIN | г. |



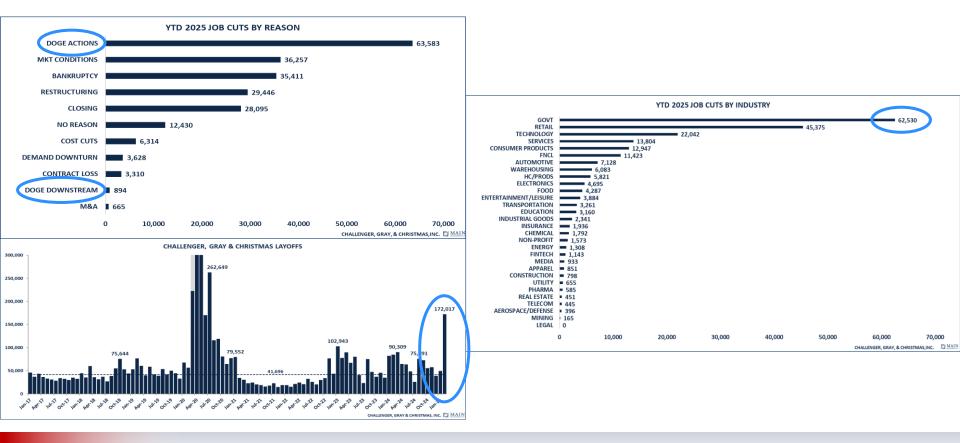
Source: Main Management, BLS, Macrobond. Data last updated: 3/7/2025





Job Cuts

Challenger Job Cuts surged to 172,017 in February (bottom left), the most since July 2020, as DOGE cuts took center stage. DOGE was the reason cited (top left) for a total of 64,477 cuts, most coming from the Govt sector which has seen 62,530 cuts YTD (right). For all industries, YTD 2025 cuts are at 221,812, up 33% from this point last year.

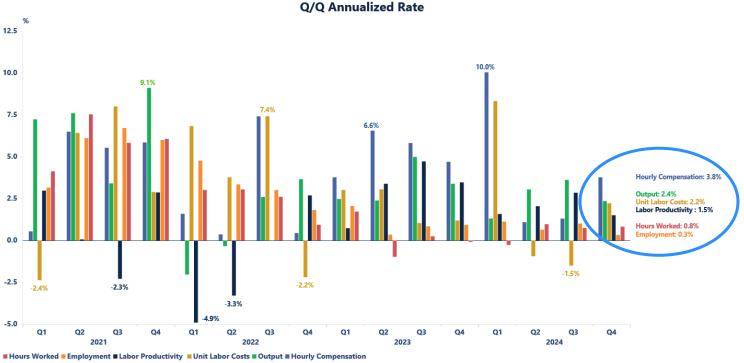


Negative

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Productivity

The 2nd reading for Q4 2024 U.S. Productivity was revised up to 1.5% from the initial reading of 1.3%. Output was revised slightly higher to 2.4% from 2.3% while Hours Worked saw a downward revision to 0.8% from 1.0%. Hourly Compensation was revised down to 3.8% from 4.2% and Employment moved to 0.3% from 0.4%.



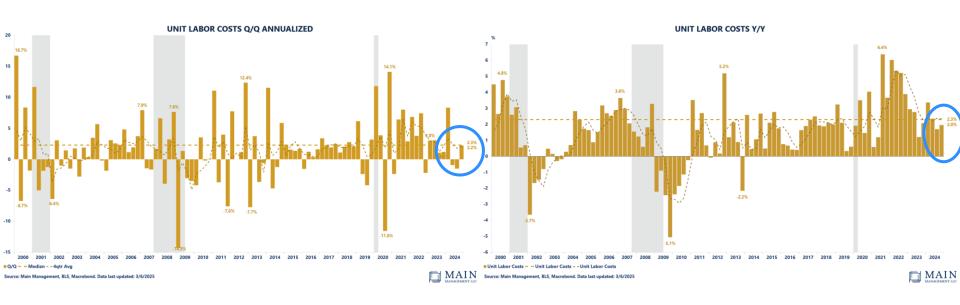
Source: Main Management, BLS, Macrobond





Unit Labor Costs

Unit Labor Costs also saw a sizeable downward revision from 3.0% to 2.2% Q/Q (left), a good development for the disinflation rhetoric. The year-over-year figure (right) now stands at +2.0\%, one of the lower readings in the last few years.





Trade Deficit

The Trade Deficit blew out to a record -\$131b in January (left) as companies attempted to front-run tariffs. Imports surged to +\$401b, a record, while Exports ticked up to \$270b. As a share of Total Trade (right), Goods Imports jumped to 49.1%, the highest share since July 2008, while Goods Exports fell to 25.7%, the lowest on record. Services Imports and Exports also lost share to Goods Imports.

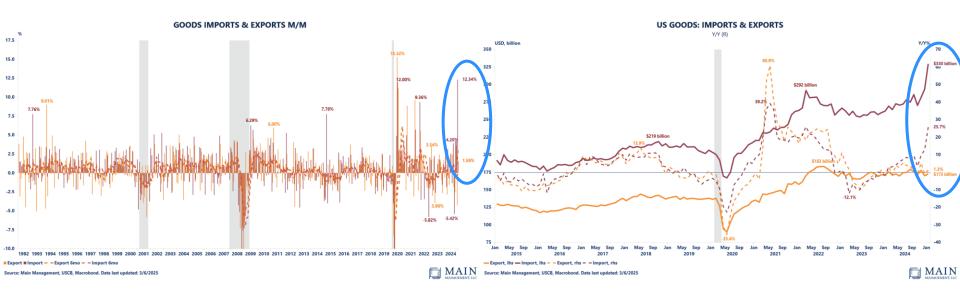






Goods Imports

Goods Imports rocketed +12.3% M/M (left), their biggest monthly gain on record, while Goods Exports ticked up +1.6% M/M. While Goods Imports are at far and away their highest absolute level ever, Goods Exports have been trending sideways. Goods Imports accelerated to +25.7% Y/Y, the biggest rise since June 2021, while Goods Exports ticked up to +1.3% Y/Y.





Summary

- NonFarm Payrolls came in a bit light at 151k versus 170k forecasted with January being revised down as well. The broader U6 Unemployment Rate jumped to 8.0% while the Participation Rate declined to 62.4%.
- Challenger Job Cuts exploded to 172,017 in February, driven by DOGE actions.
- Q4 2024 U.S. Productivity was revised higher in the 2nd reading to 1.5% from 1.3%. Unit Labor Costs were revised solidly lower in the 2nd reading, to 2.2% from 3.0%, helping the disinflation story.
- The trade deficit widened to a record -\$131bil in January, driven by a huge increase in Goods Imports as companies tried to front run tariffs.
- Upcoming key data to watch:
 - NFIB Small Business Optimism (Tues)
 - JOLTS (Tues)
 - CPI (Weds)
 - PPI (Thurs)

Appendix



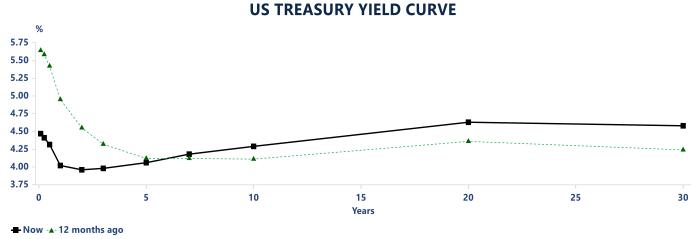
Yields & Futures





Source: Main Management, CME Group, U.S. Treasury, Macrobond. Data last updated: 3/6/2025

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Source: Main Management, U.S. Treasury, Macrobond. Data last updated: 3/6/2025



Inflation Watch

MAJOR COMMODITY INDICES Y/Y



Source: Main Management, S&P Global, CoreCommodity Management, LME, EIA, LBMA, Macrobond, LPPM, NRCan, ICCO, ICO, USDA, MIAX, TREA, TMX, Macrobond. Data last updated: 3/7/2025

| Commodity | 1 Month | 3 Months | YTD ↓ | 1 Year |
|---------------------|---------------|----------|-------|---------------|
| Coffee | -1.2 | 24.5 | 22.9 | 101.5 |
| Natural Gas | 28.0 | 39.7 | 18.4 | 119.8 |
| Lumber | 10.2 | 9.3 | 14.8 | 10.0 |
| Silver | 0.6 | 6.2 | 14.2 | 39.1 |
| Copper | 6.8 | 8.7 | 12.5 | 15.9 |
| Gold | 1.5 | 10.6 | 11.7 | 36.8 |
| BBG Commodity Index | 0.3 | 7.3 | 5.8 | 7.3 |
| Gasoline | 2.5 | 8.7 | 5.0 | -17.0 |
| Soybeans | -4.1 | 2.0 | 1.6 | -11.1 |
| S&P GSCI | -2.6 | 4.3 | 0.9 | 4.6 |
| Corn | -8.9 | 5.4 | -2.0 | 8.7 |
| Bitcoin | -6.9 % | -6.9% | -3.7% | 41.0 % |
| US Dollar (DXY) | -3.3 | -1.6 | -4.1 | 0.3 |
| Cotton | -3.2 | -11.7 | -6.6 | -34.9 |
| Crude Oil | -6.9 | -3.1 | -7.6 | -15.4 |

Source: Main Management, S&P Global, CME Group, ICE, LME, Macrobond. Data last updated: 3/6/2025



Disclosures

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